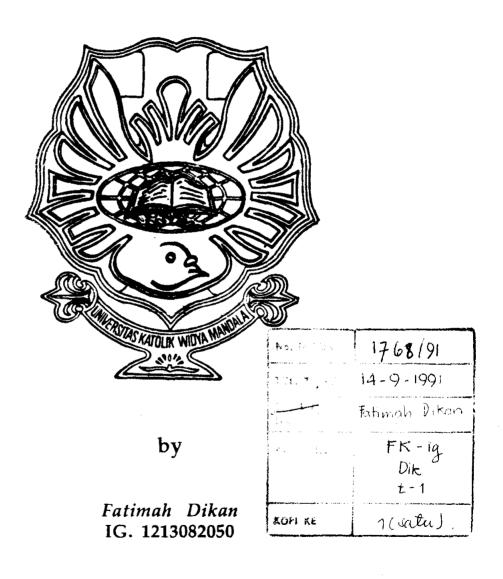
# TEACHING READING COMPREHENSION THROUGH " HEAD AND TAIL " RECOGNITION

## **A THESIS**

In Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Sarjana Pendidikan Degree in English Language Teaching



Universitas Katolik Widya Mandala Surabaya Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan Jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa dan Seni Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris August, 1991

### APPROVAL SHEET

(2)

This	thesis	has	been	examir	ned	by	the	Committee
on oral Exam	mination w	ith a	grade	of	В	**************************************		
on <u>August 2</u>	,	<	Ar			***************************************	•	
		rs. A	Nobe	limen,	MPd.	;	No.	
	•	C	hairma	n		1	. 17-	
Rai	i Gisa					1 111	10	
Dra.Maria Fran	cisca H. M	1Pd.	-	The state of the s	Drs.	Hendr	a Tec	ijasuksmana
		Member						
Member							Memb	er
Member Dr. Wuri Soedj	atmiko			į	Ors.	Barko	Jue	er .s Budiyono
		W	** UMIVERSTRE	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	-		Memb	Is Bu <b>diyon</b> o

The English Department

The Teacher Training College

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This thesis must be submitted as a partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Sarjana Pendidikan Degree in English Language Teaching, Jenjang Program S1, Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan, Jurusan Bahasa dan Seni, Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris, Universitas Katolik Widya Mandala Surabaya.

The writer would like to express her gratitude to her advisor, Dr. Wuri Soedjatmiko, for her invaluable guidance in writing this thesis.

She is very much indebted to Drs. Bartolomeus Budiyono, her co-reader, for his contribution in finishing this thesis.

She would like to express her deep gratitude and respect to her lecturer, Drs. Agustinus Ngadiman, who patiently guided her during the preparation of this thesis.

She is also would like to express her deep appreciation and gratitude to Drs. Stefanus Laga Tukan, for his invaluable advice of encouragement and understanding in time of difficulties that enables her to accomplish this thesis into its present shape.

At last since it is not possible to mention the names of the persons who helped her in writing this thesis one by one, she would like to thank them all.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

page
APPROVAL SHEET ii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTSiv
TABLE OF CONTENTS v
ABSTRACT vii
CHAPTER
I INTRODUCTION 1
1.1. Background of the Thesis 1
1.2. Statement of the Problem 4
1.3. The Objective of the Thesis 4
1.4. The Significance of the Thesis 5
1.5. Limitation of the Scope 5
1.6. Methodology 5
1.7. Definition of the Terms 6
1.8. Organization of the Thesis 7
II THE NATURE OF READING COMPREHENSION 8
2.1. Theories of Reading Process 8
2.2. The Purpose of Reading 12
2.3. The Techniques of Reading

III	HEAD AND TAIL RECOGNITION	
	3.1. Recognizing Head and Tail in Phrase 19	
	3.2. Recognizing Head and Tail in Sentences 22	
	3.3. Recognizing Head and Tail in Paragraphs 29	
	3.4. Recognizing Head and Tail in Passages . 33	
IV	THE APPLICATION OF TEACHING READING COMPRE- HENSION THROUGH HEAD AND TAIL RECOGNITION 41	1
	4.1. Pre-Reading Activities 41	
	4.1.1. New Vocabulary 42	
•	4.1.2. Grammatical Structure 43	
	4.2. While-Reading Activities 45	
	4.3. Post-Reading Activities 53	
V	CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	
·	GRAPHY	
B1BL100	БКАРНУ	
APPEND	TX	

#### **ABSTRACT**

Since the teaching of English in Indonesia emphasizes on reading comprehension, it is important for students to have the skill of comprehending English reading materials. This thesis is expected to give some contributions to the teaching of reading comprehension. In other words, it is a suggestion on how to teach reading comprehension through head and tail recognition.

One way to help students become good comprehenders is to train them to recognize which sentences express primary information and which sentences express secondary and tertiary information. In this thesis the primary information is termed as the head of the information, and the secondary and the tertiary information are the details or tails.

In order to comprehend English reading materiwell, students should know how to recognize these heads and tails, i.e.recognize head and tail phrases, recognize head and tail in sentences, recognize head and tail in paragraphs, and recognize head and tail in passages. In recognizing head and tail a phrase, students should find head and tail in that phrase. To know the meaning of the phrase, students should interpret the meaning of the head first, the meaning of the tail. In this case, the teacher should help them find the meanings of the words using four helpful techniques from Nuttall, i.e. identifying of words, understanding the meanings of affixes, inferring the meanings of words from context. and checking the meanings of words in a dictionary. In recognizing head and tail in a sentence, students should recognize the head and tail in that sentence. Besides, they should know the discourse markers used to connect words within sentences and the cohesives devices used in the sentence, i.e. reference, substitution, ellipsis, and lexical cohesion. In recognizing head and tail in a paragraph, students should find the head sentence and the tail sentences of the paragraph. Then, students have to recognize head and tail in whole passage. The head in the passage is the thesis sentence and the tails are the head sentences of paragraphs in the passage. Besides, students should also know the discourse markers used to connect the paragraphs in the passage. Finally, students should know how to make the outline and the summary of the whole passage.

In the application, these reading activities are devided into three parts, namely, pre-reading activities, while-reading activities, and post-reading activities. After doing these three kinds of activities, students are expected to be able to comprehend English reading materials well. The procedure for applying these activities is described in details through an example.