

BAB V

KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

V.1 Kesimpulan

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian, dapat disimpulkan bahwa ampas kopi masih memiliki komposisi kimia yang potensial sebagai substrat fermentasi, dengan kandungan hemiselulosa, selulosa, dan lignin yang tinggi serta kandungan senyawa fenolik dan aktivitas antioksidan yang signifikan. Fermentasi ampas kopi dengan *Aspergillus niger* dan penambahan natrium nitrat (NaNO_3) sebagai sumber nitrogen menunjukkan pengaruh yang signifikan terhadap peningkatan senyawa metabolit sekunder. Perlakuan penambahan NaNO_3 dengan konsentrasi 1% menghasilkan peningkatan tertinggi pada total senyawa fenolik hingga 1340 mg GAE/L dan aktivitas antioksidan sebesar 77% dengan persentase peningkatan sebesar 103% dan 43% dibandingkan sebelum fermentasi. Sebaliknya, parameter metabolit primer seperti kadar protein dan glukosa tidak menunjukkan perubahan signifikan pada tiap variasi konsentrasi. Hal ini mengindikasikan bahwa variasi konsentrasi NaNO_3 lebih berperan dalam regulasi metabolisme sekunder. Dengan demikian, fermentasi ampas kopi berpotensi meningkatkan kandungan senyawa bioaktif, serta mendukung pemanfaatan limbah agrikultur dan dapat dikembangkan menjadi produk fungsional untuk mendukung ekonomi sirkular.

V.2 Saran

Analisis senyawa fenolik dapat dikembangkan lebih lanjut untuk karakterisasi jenis-jenis senyawa fenolik tertentu, guna mengidentifikasi peningkatan pada senyawa fenolik spesifik yang dihasilkan. Hasil terbaik dapat dianalisa konsentrasi IC_{50} untuk menguji efektivitas antioksidan.

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