

Green and Sustainable Approaches Using Wastes for the Production of Multifunctional Nanomaterials

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Editors: Abhishek Kumar Bhardwaj, Arun Lal Srivastav, Kuldip Dwivedi, Mika Sillanpaa

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Description

Green and Sustainable Approaches Using Wastes for the Production of Multifunctional Nanomaterials focuses on the examination of green synthesis utilizing green waste materials derived from home and industrial applications. This book also examines the current state of material generations, future problems and their industrial constraints, and the synthesis of NMs for various applications such as medicinal, agriculture, environmental, food and beverage storage, and so on. The book includes the most recent practical and theoretical aspects of the use of waste materials released in the fabrication of various types of valuable nanomaterials, such as metal, metal oxide, polymeric, and graphene, among others. This is a relatively new concept in waste utilization, and green synthesis is a viable resource in making NPs. This book will also be valuable for waste management professionals who need proper disposal techniques for byproducts.

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Edited by Abhishek Kumar Bhardwaj Arun Lal Srivastav Kuldip Dwivedi Mika Sillanpää

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Preface

The unprecedented development and industrialization of the world generates enormous amounts of waste materials which creates severe environmental problems. Waste generated by diverse human activities (both industrial and house-hold) can also cause human health risks. Hence, efficient approaches to waste management are the need of the hour.

In developing countries, garbage generation has increased in tandem due to exponential population growth. Many biodegradable wastes are currently disposed of in malicious ways, such as by burning, unscientific dumping, or direct discharge into the water bodies. Abundant biodegradable waste in the ecosystem can contaminate the environment as they promote the growth of many pathogenic microbial communities in the vicinity of wastes and these microbes can cause a variety of infectious diseases.

However, biodegradable waste or biomass can be used as raw material for nanoparticle production via green synthesis. This is because plant- and animal-related wastes have a treasure of biochemicals for the reduction of metal and nonmetal ions. Natural biological systems are used to produce nanomaterials through green material synthesis processes. NMs recycled from different types of nonbiogenic waste could be a pioneering approach to not only avoid hazardous effects on the environment but also to implement circular economy practices, which are crucial to attaining sustainable growth. Moreover, recycled NMs can be utilized as a safe and revolutionary alternative with outstanding potential for many biomedical applications.

The book discusses the current status and perspectives of biogenic and nonbiogenic waste generation rates throughout the globe along with holistic and sustainable approaches for the production of multifunctional nanomaterials using domestic waste, food waste, agriculture, and fruit wastes. Moreover, the book chapters have been discussed, to examine the characteristics of nonbiogenic synthesized nanomaterials, their applications, and limitations with the biogenic synthesized nanomaterials.

Further, the incorporation of the chapter on the application of nanomaterials, synthesized from agricultural wastes for wastewater treatment, provides an environment-friendly, toxic-free, and sustainable approach. The synthesis of nanoparticles from biowaste offers potential benefits over the chemical-based synthesis approach as it is eco-friendly, cost-effective, and easy. Moreover, the precursor of natural sources can be reused, recycled, and reduced.

The major challenge to scale up the synthesis of nanoparticles for industrial production from biowaste has been attributed to the monodispersity, size, and shape of the NPs, which have also been addressed in the chapters keeping in mind the recent progress and future prospects.

This book will be a pioneering compilation of the different strategies to be adopted for the green synthesis of multifunctional NPs and also for the effective management of the enormous amount of biogenic and nonbiogenic wastes. Thus the present book will be an asset to the students and researchers working on nanomaterial developments in multidisciplinary domains.

| 1 | The Intra and Extracellular Mechanisms of Microbially-Synthesized |
|----|--|
| 2 | Nanomaterials and Their Purification |
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| 10 | |
| 11 | Abstract |
| 12 | Nanotechnology is the most important scientific breakthrough in the 21 st century which has led |
| 13 | to changes and advances in various fields of application. Generally, nanomaterials (NMs) with |
| 14 | specific shapes, sizes, and compositions are required for nanotechnology. Synthesis of NMs |
| 15 | using conventional chemical and physical methods involves high costs, the use of hazardous |
| 16 | substances, and environmental damage. In contrast, the green synthesis approach provides a |
| 17 | sustainable method for synthesizing NMs such as the utilization of biodegradable waste and |
| 18 | microorganisms. Nowadays, microbially-synthesized NMs have been recognized as an |
| 19 | effective and eco-friendly method suitable for the large-scale fabrication of biocompatible |
| 20 | nanostructures. Various microorganisms such as yeast, fungi, algae, and bacteria can serve as |
| 21 | potential stabilizing and reducing agents for synthesizing NMs. This chapter contributes to |

recent developments in the green synthesis of various NMs using microorganisms, focusing on
intracellular or extracellular mechanisms and the purification of NMs. The characterization,
applications, and prospects for NMs biosynthesis are also discussed in this chapter.

Keywords: Nanomaterials, green synthesis, microbes, intracellular, extracellular, purification

26 **1. Introduction**

Nanotechnology, which involves creating functional systems at the molecular level, is one 27 of the scientific and technology fields that is growing the fastest. The word "nanotechnology" 28 has gained enormous traction in recent years due to its numerous uses in agriculture, health, 29 food, textiles, cosmetics, and electronics industries. Nanotechnology is linked to the production 30 of nanomaterials (NMs) with improved properties that distinguish them from bulk materials. 31 32 NMs consist of one or more components having at least one dimension between 1 and 100 nm, for example, nanoparticles, composite materials, nanofibers, and nano-structured surfaces 33 34 (Borm et al., 2006; Verma et al., 2019, 2018). NMs have become more prominent in technological breakthroughs due to their superior performance compared to their bulk 35 counterparts in terms of mechanical, electrical, and magnetic behavior, as well as chemical 36 37 characteristics (Jeevanandam et al., 2018; Lloyd et al., 2011). These NMs can be classified into the following types based on their size and characteristics i.e., carbon-based NMs, composite-38 based NMs, organic-based NMs, and inorganic-based NMs (Kolahalam et al., 2019; Zhang et 39 al., 2012). Currently, metal-based NMs such as silver (Ag), zinc (Zn), lead (Pb), gold (Au), 40 iron (Fe), carbon (C), and copper (Cu) have attracted great interest among researchers (Khan 41 et al., 2021; Zhang et al., 2023). 42

The synthesis of NMs can be prepared by various techniques, including a top-down 43 approach and a bottom-up approach (self-assembly). These techniques are further divided into 44 subclasses based on the operation and reaction conditions. The bottom-up approach also known 45 as a building-up process involves constructing a structure atom by atom, molecule by molecule, 46 or by self-arrangements. Techniques such as sedimentation and reduction through green 47 synthesis, spinning, and biochemical synthesis serve as examples of this method. In the top-48 down approach, physical and chemical techniques are used to reduce the size of the appropriate 49 starting components. NMs have been synthesized using conventional physical techniques such 50

as electrospinning, radiolysis, spray pyrolysis, ultrasonication, and photoirradiation (Bhardwaj 51 et al., 2019, 2018, 2017; Khan et al., 2019) However, chemical techniques have attracted more 52 interest than physical techniques due to their greater ability to control the size and structure 53 of NMs. Sol-gel, solvothermal, co-precipitation, and template-based approaches are the major 54 chemical techniques. The accessible and widely used physical and chemical methods for 55 producing NMs are energy-intensive, contain hazardous chemicals, and require a high 56 57 temperature for reaction (Abid et al., 2022; Nasaruddin et al., 2021). Although there are many physicochemical ways to synthesize NMs, it is still necessary to develop non-toxic, low-cost, 58 59 high-yield, low-energy, and eco-friendly methods particularly for applications in the fields of human health and medicine. Therefore, numerous strategies for the bio-based synthesis of NMs 60 have been explored to establish sustainable and cost-effective bioproduction alternatives. For 61 62 instance, various flavonoids found in biomass waste produced from fruit residues can chelate metal ions and reduce them into nanoparticles (Aswathi et al., 2022; Putro et al., 2022). Several 63 researchers have reported the production of graphene utilizing pulp waste and biodegradable 64 waste from paper cups (Shukla et al., 2020.; Singh et al., 2021). 65

Other biosynthesis pathways of NMs using microbes involving bacteria, fungi, yeast, and 66 algae have been widely reported due to their reducing characteristics, which are often 67 responsible for reducing metal compounds in particular NMs. Microorganisms can be used in 68 nanotechnology as a green technology for sustainable development strategies due to the use of 69 70 cleaner production as well as the preservation of natural resources. For instance, fungusmediated methods include simple procedures for the nano-synthesis of inorganic substances 71 such as CuAlO₂ which requires low-temperature conditions (Ahmad et al., 2007). Moreover, 72 fungal biomass was also essential for chemically synthesized BiOCl nanoplates with sizes 73 between 150 and 200 nm to break down into extremely tiny particles (<10 nm) without 74 affecting their crystalline structure (Chung et al., 2016). Researchers have recently exploited a 75

variety of biological extracts to synthesize metallic NMs by following direct techniques and 76 employing microbial extracts as a source of reductants. With the use of biological resources, it 77 is feasible to get the specific size, shape, and monodispersity of NMs either extracellularly or 78 intracellularly (de Jesus et al., 2021). This chapter reviewed the current works in green 79 synthesis of NMs by microbes that focused on their intra and extracellular mechanisms, 80 purification techniques, characterizations, and applications. The difficulties of elaborating this 81 82 technology at a large-scale level and the prospects of biological synthesis approaches are also highlighted in the last section. 83

84

85 2. Microbially-synthesized of NMs

86 2.1. Intracellular and extracellular mechanisms

87 Since the formation of the Earth, biological organisms and inorganic materials have been in continual touch with each other. The interactions between inorganic substances and living 88 things have drawn more attention from scientists in recent years. Numerous microorganisms 89 produce various inorganic compounds either extracellularly or intracellularly, and the 90 mechanisms vary from one organism to another (Fariq et al., 2017; Hulkoti and Taranath, 2014). 91 By using several synthesis components, including microorganisms, plant extracts, and other 92 biological components, NMs are synthesized through biological processes (Saravanan et al., 93 94 2021). Due to their ease of cultivation, rapid growth, and potential to thrive under ambient 95 conditions, microbes such as bacteria, algae, yeast, and fungi are typically selected for synthesis in NMs. Interestingly, microbes can detoxify and accumulate heavy metals in the presence of 96 reductase enzymes, which play a crucial role in reducing metal salts into NMs (Ovais et al., 97 2018). Different biological agents and various metal solutions have varying effects on the 98 production of NMs. 99

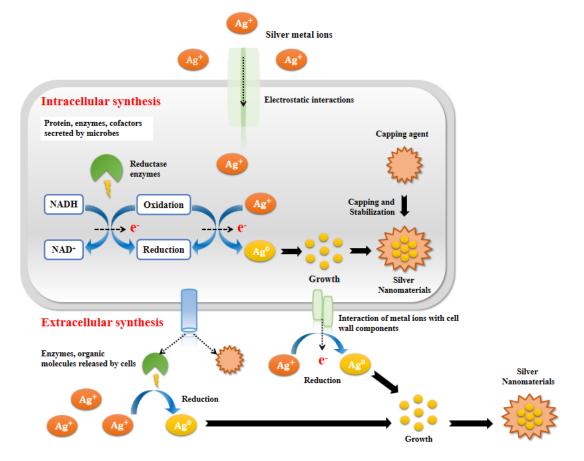
There are two categories for microbial production of NMs. The first category is 100 biosorption, which does not require energy use and involves the attachment of metal ions found 101 in aqueous solutions to the cell wall. Stable NMs are formed as a result of interactions with the 102 cell wall or peptides (Egan-Morriss et al., 2022; Pantidos, 2014). The prospective processes for 103 the biosorption of the metal on microbes consist of physical processes including ion exchange, 104 complexation, precipitation, and physisorption. Microbes typically secrete lipopolysaccharide, 105 106 glycoprotein, and other exopolysaccharide compounds that have anionic structural groups for positive metal adhering to negative charges of the cell wall. Chitin was shown to be the primary 107 108 component of the fungal cell wall and it is associated with the complex formation of heavy metals, which leads to the synthesis of NMs (L. Wang et al., 2018). Few researchers have 109 reported the biosynthesis of copper NMs via the biosorption method from Rhodotorula 110 mucilaginosa biomass. The spherical form of the produced NMs made them accessible for 111 simultaneous pollution removal and NMs synthesis. The formation of metallic molybdenum 112 NMs by Clostridium pasteurianum has also been the subject of another investigation 113 (Nordmeier et al., 2018; Salvadori et al., 2014). 114

Meanwhile, bioreduction occurs when metal ions are chemically reduced by living 115 organisms into more stable forms. Numerous species can utilize metabolism metal reduction, 116 in which the reduction of a metal ion is linked to the oxidation of an enzyme. As a consequence, 117 stable and inert metallic NMs are formed which may be removed safely from a polluted 118 119 material. The synthesis of NMs may be triggered by several substances found in microbial cells, notably amides, amines, alkaloids, carbonyl groups, proteins, pigments, and other reducing 120 agents (Quintero-Quiroz et al., 2019; Sable et al., 2020). Some microbes usually release 121 chemicals with a high capacity for oxidation or reduction of metal ions to produce zero valent 122 or magnetic NMs. Additionally, these organisms are easy to handle and susceptible to genetic 123 manipulation (Puspitasari et al., 2021; Puspitasari and Lee, 2021). 124

It is well known that both intracellular and extracellular proteins, enzymes, lipids, and 125 chelating activity of DNA subunits are actively involved as reducing agents throughout the 126 127 biosynthesis process. These bioactive substances have high reduction potential and can donate H⁺ ions to reduce metal ions from a higher oxidation form to a lower oxidation form 128 (Dauthal and Mukhopadhyay, 2016; Srivastava et al., 2021). According to the site where NMs 129 are generated, extracellular and intracellular synthesis become the most common processes of 130 131 biosynthesis (Fig.1). NMs can be accumulated in the periplasm, cytoplasmic membrane, and cell wall when observed under a microscope. 132

133 In the extracellular approach, NMs are produced outside cells by capturing metal ions on their surfaces and reducing ions in the presence of microbe-secreted enzymes (Li et al., 2011). 134 Cofactors such as reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NADH) and reduced 135 nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADPH) reliant enzymes both have crucial 136 roles as reductants via electron transfer from NADH through NADH-reliant enzymes. For 137 example, the release of NADH and NADH-reliant enzymes is an important process in the 138 extracellular biosynthesis of silver nanomaterials (AgNMs) by microbes. The bioreduction of 139 silver is initiated by NADH-reliant reductase enzymes found in microbes by 140 electron transfer from NADH (He et al., 2007). As a result, silver ions (Ag⁺) receive electrons 141 and are reduced (Ag⁰), resulting in the generation of enlarged metal nuclei and the formation 142 of stable AgNMs within cell-free supernatant. Precursor concentration, pH, temperature, and 143 reaction time are some limiting factors affecting the size and properties of NMs. 144

The intracellular approach includes transporting ions into the inner space of microbial cells to produce NMs when the enzymes are present. Microbial cells and sugar molecules are primarily involved in the intracellular process of metal bioreduction. The interactions between intracellular enzymes and positively charged groups are the main mechanism for the trapping of metal ions from the media and their subsequent reduction within the cell. This resulted from 150 NMs being produced as a result of enzymatic reduction and metal ion transport across membranes (Dauthal and Mukhopadhyay, 2016). In order to release the biosynthesized NMs 151 from intracellular production, additional processes are needed such as ultrasonic treatment or 152 interactions with the appropriate detergents. In contrast, extracellular biosynthesis is 153 inexpensive, requires less complex downstream processing, and supports large-scale 154 production of NMs to investigate its possible uses. Therefore, the extracellular method for 155 biosynthesis of NMs has been the main subject of several studies compared to the intracellular 156 method (Das et al., 2014). An extensive list of the microbes used in synthesizing NMs is 157 provided in Table 1. 158



159

160

Fig. 1. Biosynthesis of silver nanomaterials via intra and extracellular mechanisms

Table 1. Biosynthesis of various NMs using microbes and their applications

| | | | | Physicoche | rameters | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------|----------|--------------------|--------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| No. | Microbe | Type of nanomaterial | Synthesis location | Temperature | рН | Incubation time | Size (nm) | Shape | Application | Reference |
| | Bacteria | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Geobacillus spp. | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 55°C | 7.5 | 48 h | <100 | Spherical | - | (Cekuolyte et al., 2023) |
| 2. | Vibrio alginolyticus | Gold (Au) | Extracellular | 40°C | 7 | 14 h | 100- 150 | Irregular | Anticancer and antioxidant | (Shunmugam et al., 2021) |
| 3. | Marinomonas sp. ef1 | Cooper (Cu) | Extracellular | 22°C | - | 48 h | 10-70 | Spherical / ovoidal | Antimicrobial | (John et al., 2021) |
| 4. | Shewanella loihica PV-4 | Palladium (Pd) | Extracellular | 30°C | 7 | 72 h | 4-10 | Spherical | Catalyst for Cr (VI) reduction | (W. Wang et al., 2018) |
| 5. | Nocardiopsis flavascens RD30 | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 30°C | - | 72 h | 5-50 | Spherical | Cytotoxicity | (Ranjani et al., 2018) |
| 6. | Pseudoalteromonas lipolytica | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 28°C | 6.5-7 | 72 h | 5-15 | Spherical | Dye decolorization | (Kulkarni et al., 2018) |
| 7. | Shewanella loihica PV-4 | Platinum (Pt) | Extracellular | 30°C | 7 | 48 h | 2-6 | - | Dye decomposition | (Ahmed et al., 2018) |
| 8. | Desulfovibrio sp. LS4 | Maghemite (Fe ₂ O ₃) | Extracellular | 30°C | 7.8 | 35 days | 18 | Round | Iron nanoparticle formation in saltpan sediment | (Das et al., 2018) |
| 9. | Enterococcus faecalis | Selenium (Se) | Extracellular | 37°C | 7 | 24 h | 29- 195 | Spherical | Antibacterial | (Shoeibi and Mashreghi, 2017) |

| 10. | Pseudomonas aeruginosa JP-11 | Cadmium sulfide (CdS) | Extracellular | 50°C | - | 20 h | 20-40 | Spherical | Cadmium removal from aqueous solution | (Raj et al., 2016) |
|-----|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-------|-----|-------|---------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | Fungi | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Penicillium oxalicum | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 28°C | - | 24 h | 10-50 | Spherical | Antimicrobial, anticancer, antioxidant | (Gupta et al., 2022) |
| 2. | Trichoderma longibranchiatum | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 55°C | 7 | 24 h | 5-50 | Spherical | Biosafety assessment | (Cui et al., 2022) |
| 3. | Periconium sp. | Zinc oxide (ZnO) | Extracellular | 45°C | 5 | 24 h | 16-78 | Quasi- spherical | Antioxidant, antibacterial | (Ganesan et al., 2020) |
| 4. | Lignosus rhinocerotis | Gold (Au) | Extracellular | 65°C | 4.5 | 2.5 h | 49.5- 82.4 | Spherical | Antibacterial | (Katas et al., 2019) |
| 5. | Trichoderma asperellum | Copper oxide (CuO) | Extracellular | 40°C | - | 24 h | 110 | Spherical | Photothermolisis on human lung carcinoma | (Saravanaku mar et al., 2019) |
| 6. | Rhodotorula mucilaginosa | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 25°C | 7 | 168 h | 13.7 | Spherical | Antifungal, catalyst, cytotoxicity | (Cunha et al., 2018) |
| 7. | Aspergillus niger | Zinc oxide (ZnO) | Extracellular | 32°C | 6.2 | 48 h | 53-69 | Spherical | Antibacterial, dye degradation | (Kalpana et al., 2018) |
| 8. | Penicillium chrysogenum | Platinum (Pt) | Extracellular | 100°C | - | 12 h | 5-40 | Spherical | Cytotoxicity | (Subramaniya n et al., 2017) |
| 9. | Cladosporium cladosporioides | Gold (Au) | Extracellular | 30°C | 7 | 48 h | 60 | Round | Antioxidant, antibacterial | (Joshi et al., 2017) |
| 10. | Rhizopus stolonifer | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 40°C | - | 48 h | 2.86 | Spherical | - | (AbdelRahim et al., 2017) |

Yeast

| 1. | Saccharomyces cerevisiae | Iron oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃) | Extracellular | 30°C | - | 2-3 days | 70- 100 | Spherical | Antimicrobial | (Asha Ranjani et al., 2022) |
|----|---------------------------------|---|---------------|------|------|----------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 2. | Pichia kudriavzeviiHA | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 30°C | - | 72 h | 29.6- 30.14 | Round /cubic | Anticancer | (Ammar et al., 2021) |
| 3. | Saccharomyces cerevisiae | Silica | Intracellular | 29°C | 6-11 | 1 h | 40-70 | Spherical | Oil recovery | (Zamani et al., 2020) |
| 4. | Saccharomyces cerevisiae | Silver (Ag) | Intracellular | 25°C | 7 | 24 h | 2-20 | Spherical | Biocatalyst | (Korbekandi et al., 2016) |
| 5. | Magnusiomyces ingens LH-F1 | Gold (Au) | Extracellular | 30°C | - | 24 h | 80.1 | Sphere/ triangle/ hexagon | Catalytic reduction of nitrophenols | (Zhang et al., 2016) |
| | Algae | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Spirogyra hyalina | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 60°C | - | 24 h | 52.7 | Spherical | Antimicrobial | (Abdullah et al., 2022) |
| 2. | Coelastrella aeroterrestrica | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 30°C | - | 24 h | 14.5 | Hexagon | Antimicrobial, anticancer, antioxidant | (Hamida et al., 2022) |
| 3. | Padina sp. | Silver (Ag) | Extracellular | 60°C | - | 48 h | 25-60 | Spherical /oval | Antibacterial | (Bhuyar et al., 2020) |
| 4. | Colpomenia sinuosa | Iron oxide (Fe ₃ O ₄) | Extracellular | 30°C | 2 | 1 h | 11.24– 33.71 | Nano spheres | Antibacterial, antifungal | (Salem et al., 2019) |
| 5. | Spirulina platensis | Palladium (Pd) | Extracellular | 70°C | - | 20 min | 10-20 | Spherical | Adsorbent | (Sayadi et al., 2018) |

164 2.2. Synthesis of NMs using bacteria

Bacteria have become one of the most useful research subjects due to their abundance in 165 the environment and their ability to endure harsh circumstances. Additionally, they can grow 166 rapidly and their cultivation is easy to control, such as temperature, pH, oxygenation, and 167 incubation time. Optimizing these conditions is crucial since different sizes of NMs are needed 168 169 for various applications including optics, catalysts, and antimicrobials (He et al., 2007). Bacteria typically produce intracellular or extracellular inorganic substances, which can be 170 171 employed for the biosynthesis of NMs. Bacillus marisflavi was shown to produce AuNMs with a particle size of 14 nm. AuNMs synthesis from bacterial cell-free extract occurred 172 extracellularly and the color changed from light yellow to bluish-purple. The production of 173 AuNMs was indicated by the presence of bluish-purple color caused by surface plasmon 174 resonance (Nadaf and Kanase, 2019). 175

176

177 2.3. Synthesis of NMs using fungi

Researchers across the world frequently utilize fungi for NMs synthesis using both 178 intracellular and extracellular processes. It is well known that using fungi to produce metal 179 oxide or NMs is an effective technique with clear morphology (Ijaz et al., 2020). Fungi produce 180 more NMs than bacteria because their intracellular enzymes function as biological substances 181 182 that increase the bioaccumulation capacity and metal resistance (Kalpana and Devi Rajeswari, 2018). Significant advantages include the ease of scaling up and downstream processing, 183 economic feasibility, and the presence of mycelia which supplies a high surface area 184 (Mohanpuria et al., 2008). The most well-known fungi for synthesizing silver and gold 185 nanomaterials are Fusarium sp., Penicillium sp., and Aspergillus sp. (Shah et al., 2015). The 186 extracellular production of AgNMs was carried out using Penicillium sp. The enzyme 187

induction was facilitated by the existence of silver nitrate in the cell culture broth and optimal
synthesis was shown at pH 6 with a substrate concentration of about 1.5 mM (Shareef et al.,
2017; Spagnoletti et al., 2019).

191

192 2.4. Synthesis of NMs using yeast

Due to their improved function and stability, yeasts have been considered a highly efficient 193 194 source of NMs synthesis. Additionally, they can capture large amounts of potentially toxic metals. The present study on yeast focuses mostly on the production of nanocrystalline 195 196 quantum semiconductors, notably cadmium sulfide (CdS) and zinc sulfide (ZnS) nanomaterials. The biosynthesis of silver and gold NMs was mainly carried out by S. cerevisiae and other 197 silver-resistant yeast strains (Korbekandi et al., 2016). The production of silica NMs is another 198 199 use of S. cerevisiae in the nanomaterial generation process. The NMs were produced when yeast extract and sodium silicate (precursor solution) were added. One potential mechanism 200 involves the interaction of yeast extract and sodium silicate in an aqueous medium to generate 201 sodium hydroxide and silica oxide NMs (Zamani et al., 2020). 202

203

204 2.5. Synthesis of NMs using algae

It has been reported that algae play a significant part in the biological synthesis of NMs and 205 the buildup of certain toxic metals. Large-scale algae production is mostly utilized to 206 207 synthesize gold, silver, and possibly zinc oxide NMs. Algae are recognized for their capacity to transform toxic metals into their harmless equivalents (Ong et al., 2021). For example, 208 Sargassum muticum was employed in the production of ZnO NMs and was found to have anti-209 apoptotic and anti-angiogenesis properties in HepG₂ cells (Yang and Cui, 2008). Furthermore, 210 Staphylococcus aureus and Pseudomonas aeruginosa were effectively inhibited by the NMs, 211 with inhibition zones of 13.33 mm and 15.17 mm, respectively (Bhuyar et al., 2020). 212

214 **3.** Purification methods of biosynthesized NMs

The biosynthesized NMs can be purified by several methods including chromatography,
magnetic fields, density gradient centrifugation, and electrophoresis (Table 2).

217 *3.1. Chromatography*

Chromatography is a method for separating mixtures of substances based on variations in 218 219 how fast the different components spread through a given media. These media are the stationary phase and mobile phase. The stationary phase can be solid or liquid while the mobile phase can 220 221 be liquid or gas. This chromatography can be used for purification and separation in the biosynthesis of NMs. Several uses of chromatographic methods in the purification of NMs 222 synthesis are described. Current researchers widely use intracellular enzymes in producing 223 224 AuNM for various applications (Gholami-Shabani et al., 2015). The enzyme is an agent in reducing the metal NMs to be stable material. Enzymes produced by microbes (e.g., 225 Acinetobacter sp.) extracellularly and intracellularly after purification by anion exchange and 226 gel filtration chromatography were used to produce Au and Se nanomaterials (Wadhwani et 227 al., 2018). 228

229

230 *3.2. Magnetic fields*

Magnetic fields are purification methods that use magnetic properties to separate and purify NMs, particularly iron (Fe) NMs. One magnetotactic bacteria is *Magnetospirillum gryphiswaldense*, which can move along magnetic field lines due to magnetosomes (MagMn). Magnetosomes produced by intracellular bacteria are membrane-enclosed single-domain ferromagnetic NMs (Rosenfeldt et al., 2021). The purification of synthetic materials containing Fe by bacteria consists of 2 stages: (1) cell wall breakdown and (2) separation-purification. For the breakdown of cell walls, sonification and ultracentrifugation methods can be used, while column-based magnetic (neodymium magnet) can be used for the separation-purification
method (Hamdous et al., 2017; Raschdorf et al., 2018; Rosenfeldt et al., 2021).

240

241 *3.3. Density gradient centrifugation*

Density gradient centrifugation is the simple purification method of NMs extracellular 242 synthesis. The process of centrifugation is used to separate particles from a solution based on 243 their size, shape, density, medium viscosity, and rotor speed. The density gradient 244 centrifugation method may be required more than once in some cases. For example, 245 246 *Nocardiopsis sp.* cultures were centrifuged at 10,000x g, 4°C for 10 min up to three times after incubation, and 5 ml of each strain's cell-free supernatant was then subjected to 50 ml of an 247 aqueous solution containing 1x10⁻³ M HAuCl₄.3H₂O. Subsequently, the samples were 248 249 centrifuged again at high speed after the reaction for a certain time to separate the produced AuNMs (Manivasagan et al., 2015). Extracellular purification of AgNMs synthesized using 250 Bacillus subtilis can be performed by centrifugation method at 10,000 rpm for 5 minutes twice 251 (Alsamhary, 2020). 252

253

254 *3.4. Electrophoresis*

Electrophoresis is the term used to describe the movement and separation of charged 255 particles (ions) caused by electric fields. Two electrodes (anode, cathode) with opposing 256 257 charges are joined by a conducting liquid known as an electrolyte to form an electrophoretic system. Agarose gel electrophoresis is usually used to purify and separate NMs based on size 258 and shape. For example, one percent agarose gel electrophoresis (Bio-Rad) was used to purify 259 260 AgNMs generated by fungi isolated from mangroves (Rodrigues et al., 2013). Another work on AgNMs that utilized amplified DNA fragments from *Streptomyces sp.* was separated using 261 TBE buffer containing ethidium bromide (1 g/mL) on 1% agarose gel electrophoresis 262

- (Mabrouk et al., 2021). The synthesis of AgNMs by *Staphylococcus aureus* can be carried out
 intracellularly and extracellularly so that the purification process requires cell wall lysis
 (Triton-X100), as well as separation using centrifugation and gel electrophoresis (Amin et al.,
 2019).
- 267
- **Table 2.** Purification methods of biosynthesized NMs by various microbes

| Туре | Microbe | NMs | Synthetic location | Purification method | Application | Reference |
|----------|---|-----------|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Chromat | ography | | | | | |
| Fungi | Talaromyces purpurogenus (pigment) | Ag | Extracellular | Two steps: -Centrifugation (6,700xg, 4°C, 20 min) - Thin Layer Chromatography | Biomedical | (Bhatnagar et al., 2022) |
| Bacteria | Acinetobacter sp. (lignin peroxidase) | Au, Se | Extracellular | Two steps sequentially: - Anion exchange chromatography - Gel filtration chromatography (lignin peroxidase) | Biocatalyst | (Wadhwani et al., 2018) |
| Bacteria | <i>Escherichia coli</i> (sulfite reductase) | Au | Extracellular | Two steps: - Column chromatography (sulfite reductase) - Centrifugation (80,000xg, 20 min) (mixed sulfite reductase AuNMs) | Biocatalyst | (Gholami- Shabani et al., 2015) |
| Bacteria | Pseudomonas aeruginosa (rhamnolipids) | Ag | Extracellular | Two steps: - Gel column chromatography (rhamnolipids) - Centrifugation (mixed rhamnolipids - AgNMs) | Biosurfactant | (Ganesh et al., 2010) |
| Magnetic | Fields | | | | | |
| Bacteria | Magnetospirillum magneticum | Mag Mn | Intracellular | Two steps: - Centrifugation (8,000xg, 10°C, 20 min) - Neodymium magnets | Magnetic tumor targeting | (Designed Research; K, 2022) |

| Bacteria | Magnetospirillum gryphiswaldense | Mag Mn | Intracellular | Two steps: - Column-based magnetic - Ultracentrifugation | Biomedical and Biotechnology | Rosenfeldt et al., 2021) |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Fungi | Mixed fungi | Fe ₃ O ₄ | Intracellular | Two steps: - Centrifugation (500 rpm, 10°C, 20 min) - Permanent magnets | Cleaning agent | (Sayed et al., 2021) |
| Fungi Aspergillus niger FeS and Fe ₃ O ₄ | | Intracellular | Permanent magnets | Biomedical | (Abdeen et al., 2016) | |
| Density g | radient Centrifugat | ion | | | | |
| Fungi | Aspergillus flavus | Fe | Extracellular | Centrifugation (5000 rpm, 5 min) | Extraction and Clarification | (Hassan et al., 2022) |
| Bacteria | Bacillus subtilis | Ag | Extracellular | Centrifugation twice (10,000 rpm, 5 min) | Antibacterial | (Alsamhary, 2020) |
| Bacteria | Actinomycetes sp. | Ag | Extracellular | Centrifugation (15,000 rpm, 15 min) | Antimicrobial | (Al-Dhabi et al., 2018) |
| Fungi | Pleurotus ostreatus (Laccase) | Au | Extracellular | Centrifugation (2415xg, 15 min, 4°C) | Decolorization | (El-Batal et al., 2015) |
| Electroph | noresis | | | | | |
| Bacteria | Streptomyces spiralis; Streptomyces rochei | Ag | Extracellular | Agarose gel electrophoresis 1% | Antibacterial | (Mabrouk et al., 2021) |
| Fungi | Aspergillus tubingensis; Bionectria ochroleuca | Ag | Extracellular | Electrophoresis (sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel) | Antimicrobial | (Rodríguez- González et al., 2020) |
| Bacteria | Staphylococcus aureus | Ag | Intracellular and Extracellular | Agarose gel electrophoresis 0.7% | Biosensors | (Amin et al., 2019) |

4. Characterization of biosynthesized NMs

| 271 | Biosynthesized nanomaterials characterizations were determined by various techniques, | | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 272 | such as spectroscopic technique, microscopic technique, and diffraction technique. | | | | | |
| 273 | Nanomaterials characterization play a huge role in various application of nanomaterials. Each | | | | | |
| 274 | technique has a different purpose, methods, and instruments, which will be discovered below. | | | | | |

4.1. Spectroscopic techniques

The spectroscopic technique is a measurement to examine the content of the materials, 276 specifically nanomaterials and the surface properties in a mixture solution. It uses various types 277 of instruments, such as UV-Vis Spectroscopy, Fourier Transform Infra-Red (FTIR), and 278 Raman Scattering which have distinctive methods. UV-Vis Spectroscopy aims to detect and 279 monitor the size and shape of metal ions of NMs with particle sizes between 2 nm to 100 nm 280 (Begum et al., 2018; Kumar et al., 2020). Another spectroscopy technique commonly used in 281 282 NMs is FTIR, to observe the functional group, composition, and inter interaction of molecules (Alessio et al., 2017; Kamnev et al., 2021). In addition, FTIR could identify and classify several 283 284 microorganisms, such as Bacillus (Procacci et al., 2021), Escherichia coli (Farouk et al., 2022), Pseudomonas (Lee et al., 2019), and *Staphylococcus aureus* (Hong et al., 2022). 285

286

287 4.2. Microscopic techniques

The microscopic technique is used to determine the physical morphology, texture, and size 288 of the NMs. Several instruments included microscopic techniques, such as the optical 289 microscope, Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), and Transmission Electron Microscope 290 (TEM). SEM performs morphology, size, and shape of nanoparticles between 0.001 to 5 µm 291 (Maheshwari et al., 2018). In addition, compositional information could be collected by Energy 292 Dispersive X-Ray (EDX) and mapping analysis with an SEM instrument. TEM could observe 293 material with a particle size of up to 1 nm due to high image resolutions, thus real size and 294 295 structures are detected (Sierra, 2019). The NMs microbially synthesized keep developing with various raw materials, microorganisms, and methods to acquire wider and better applications 296 of NMs. Moreover, High Resolution-TEM (HR-TEM) can provide the morphology of the 297 298 samples and identify the crystal structure from the atomic scale to thin layer of samples (Javed et al., 2018). All SEM, TEM, and HR-TEM perform best in solid samples, usually powder, 299 300 fiber, and membrane.

302 *4.3. Diffraction techniques*

One of the diffraction techniques well-known in NMs characterization is X-Ray 303 Diffraction (XRD), which provides data on the crystallography and structure of the material, 304 also the lattice parameter of samples (Mourdikoudis et al., 2018). Various peaks in the 2θ range 305 show different molecules, for example, Ag nanoparticles appear at 27.81°, 32.16°, 38.12°, 44.3°, 306 46.21°, 54.83°, 57.39°, 64.42°, and 77.45° (Meng, 2015); while TiO₂ nanoparticles show peaks 307 at 25.23°, 37.71°, 47.72°, and 62.54° (Toro et al., 2020). XRD performs well in solid, dry, and 308 309 homogeneous materials. However, for suspension of NMs, measurement of hydrodynamic diameter could be conducted by Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS). Liquid NMs with high 310 viscosity, such as liposomes (Zong et al., 2022), polymeric micelles (Ghezzi et al., 2021), nano 311 gels (Ahmed et al., 2020; Pourjavadi et al., 2020), and microemulsion (Gunarto et al., 2020) 312 are required for dilution to have an accurate measurement. 313

314

315 5. Challenges and limitations

The NMs are produced from various sources of microbes and have been developed rapidly 316 since the 21st century. Over the years, different methods, sources, and analyses have been 317 carried out and resulted in different types of NMs based on their structure and sizes. However, 318 obtaining homogeneous NMs with the same methods and type of microbe is still challenging 319 320 due to the unpredictable growth and ability of the microbes. Therefore, more experiments are essential in determining and observing the microorganism in NMs systems. Purification steps 321 of NMs by either intra or extracellular are considered expensive on an industrial scale as the 322 process requires advanced equipment like nanofiltration to enhance the purity of NMs. Another 323 limitation in NMs microbially-synthesized is an insufficient yield. However, the discovery of 324 a cost-effective NMs biosynthesis alternative can be carried out by utilizing waste materials. 325

327 6. Conclusions and future outlook

In this chapter, green and sustainable approaches of microbially-synthesized nanomaterials 328 was summarized, as well as the intra-extracellular mechanisms and purification methods of 329 NMs. Nanomaterials are synthesized by several types of microbes, such as bacteria, fungi, yeast, 330 and algae. Several researchers are manipulating the DNA of microbes to improve the yield of 331 332 NMs. In addition, the combination of synthesis mechanism, intra-extracellular in a system is likely to produce a higher amount of nanomaterial. However, it required an established and 333 334 complete process of purification for industrial production. On the other hand, utilization of NMs specifically in medical applications is possibly over-absorbed due to their tiny size and 335 excellent efficient absorption towards the human body. 336

337

338 7. References

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